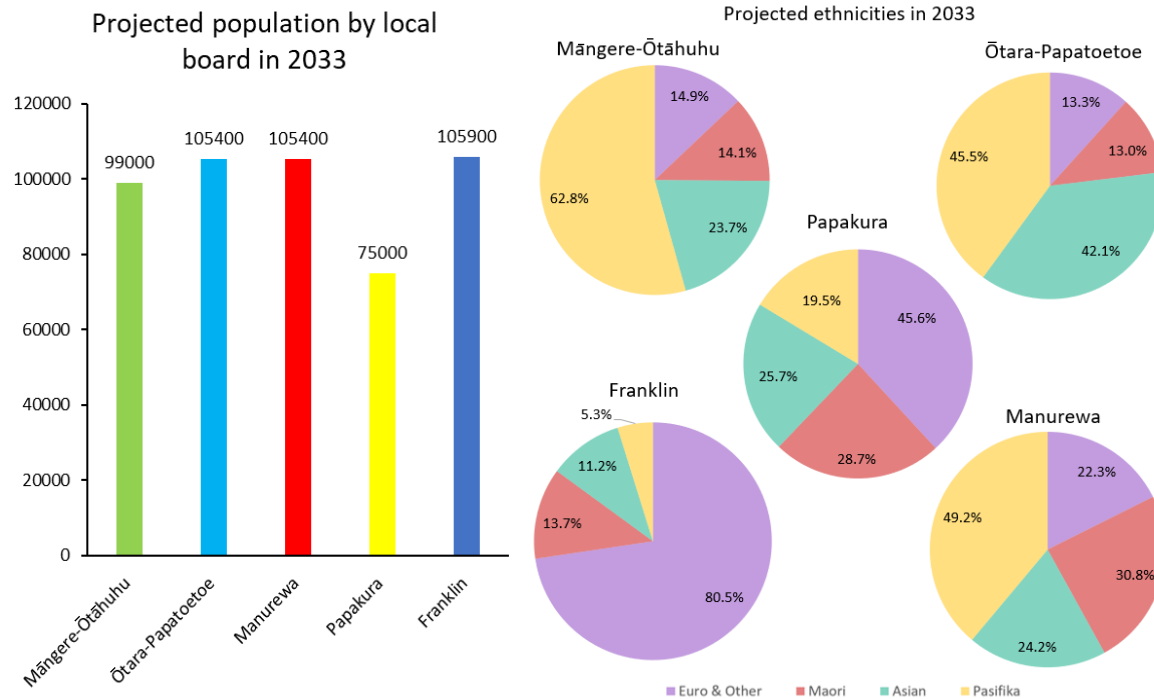


- Students learning Te Reo Māori at secondary schools increased from 454 to 760 (2011-2016).
- More households (372) on the social housing register than other Southern local boards.
- Had the highest NEET rate in Auckland (28.5%,2017) - based on available data.
- Fewer students learning in Te Reo more than 50% of the time (42) than other Southern local boards.
- The proportion of school leavers with University Entrance (UE) only increased by 0.2 % points between 2011 and 2016.
- Smallest average increase in residential values of the Southern local boards (2014-2017) at 48%.

SOUTHERN LOCAL BOARDS



The Southern local boards are very diverse. Together, these boards make up 40.2% of Māori, 17.3% of Asian, and 54.1% of Pasifika populations in Auckland.

- The only Southern local board that does not have Te Reo and Samoan in its 3 most learned secondary languages.
- 18 year-olds with NCEA L2 increased from 67.4% in 2011 to 76.6% in 2016, with the largest gains made by Māori and Pasifika students.
- A 61% average increase in residential values (between 2014 and 2017)

- More different languages being taught at least 50% of the time in ECE centres than any other Auckland local board.
- School leavers with little or no formal attainment fell 6% points between 2011 and 2016.
- 62% average increase in residential values between 2014 and 2017.
- More students learning in Te Reo more than 50% of the time than any other Auckland local board.
- University Entrance rates decreased from 15% to 14.4% between 2011 and 2016.
- Had the highest student transience in 2016 (365 students) of any Auckland local board.

- These Local Board snapshots are meant to be used in conjunction with the Auckland 2017 snapshot as a source of accessible, quality information to inform decision-making on education and skills.
 - Updated data since the Auckland 2017 snapshot:
 - ECE staff numbers by qualification
 - Additional data not present in the Auckland 2017 snapshot:
 - Iwi affiliation
 - Number of bilingual and immersion ECE services by language use
 - Increase in residential value by Local Board
 - Auckland mean rent between 2011 and 2018
 - Housing needs by Local Board
- Data on the inside pages are visually represented on a path that flows from left to right – representing an individual’s learning pathway beginning with Early Learning → Skills and Work.
- Caveats:
 - Suppressed data: Local Board data is suppressed when the likelihood that individuals could be identified or the potential for error is high (e.g. < 5 students in an ethnic category, survey sample size less than 1000 individuals)

If you are a(n)...

Educator

You can use these snapshots to identify strengths and weaknesses in achievement areas, view past progress, and learn about educational pathways. For example, the proportion of school leavers with attainment below NCEA L1 has fallen in all local boards of the Southern cluster between 2011 and 2016.

Employer (including educational institutions)

You can use these snapshots to be more informed about current skill and youth NEET (Not in Employment, Education or Training) numbers. For example, all the boards with unsuppressed data available (Ōtara-Papatoetoe, Manurewa, and especially Māngere-Ōtāhuhu) have a higher NEET (Not in Employment, Education or Training) rate than Auckland’s 9.9%.

Iwi

You can use these snapshots to evaluate students’ opportunities to learn Te Reo and access to Kōhanga reo ECE services. For example, all the Southern local boards have Kohanga reo ECE services and most have Te Reo in their 3 most learned secondary languages. Manurewa has the most students learning in Te Reo more than 50% of the time in the whole of Auckland.

Local Board Member

You can use these snapshots to guide your decision-making using information about demographic changes, trends in education, and skills within your area. For example, the Southern cluster is diverse; together they have more than half of Auckland’s total Pasifika population.

Student or Family Member

You can use these snapshots to learn about education facilities (e.g. ECE centres) and housing availability. For example, in total there are 1,257 households on the social housing register within the Southern cluster.